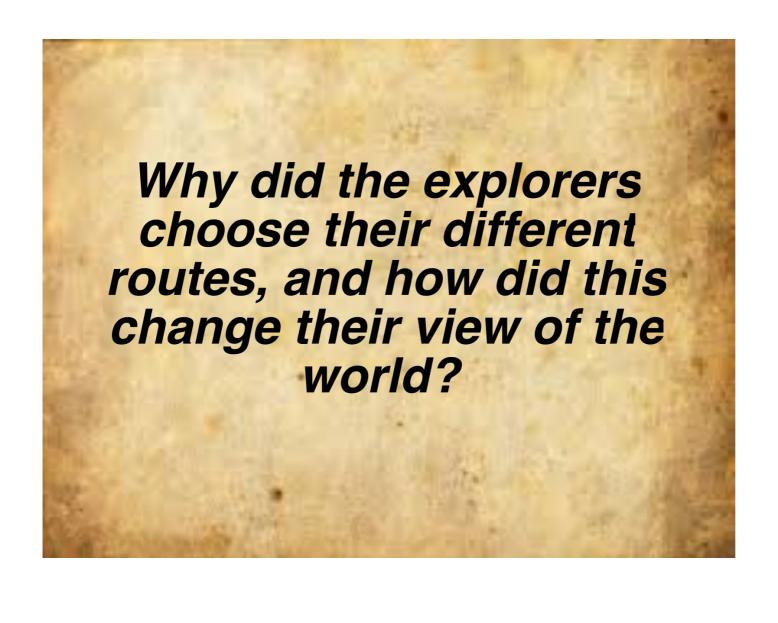
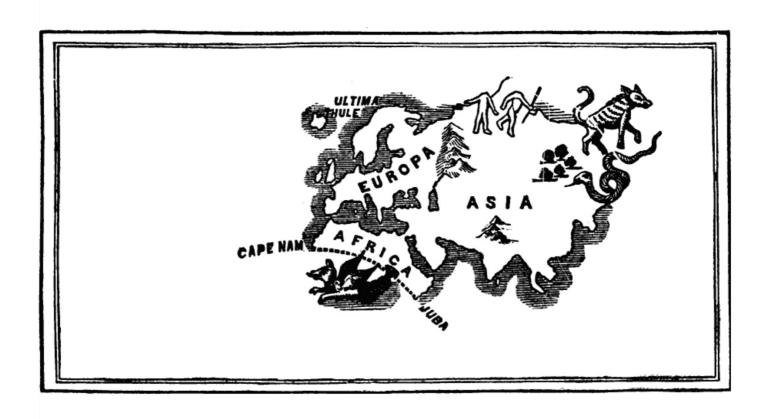


Standard 1
Students will understand how the exploration and colonization of North America transformed human history.

Objective 1
Describe and explain the growth and development of the early American colonies.

a. Using maps - including pre-1492 maps - and other geographic tools, locate and analyze the routes used by the explorers.





Title: The World as known to Europe

Description: A facsimile of a map of the world as known to Europe about the year 1418. This map "traced the outline of the world as known to the geographers of Europe in the first quarter of the fifteenth century. This was before the famous navigator, Prince Henry of Portugal, began to send out expeditions to explore the west coast of Africa. In place of the now known shape of that peninsula, the lower part is cut off by a slightly curved line running from Cape Nam — now Nun — on the west, to Juba on the east; the continent of America is wanting; Australia and the East Indies are wanting; and the pictured animals show the nameless terrors of the unknown coasts." — Scott, 1884, p. 1.

Source: David B. Scott, A School History of the United States, from the discovery of America to the year 1880. (New York, NY: American Book Company, 1884) 2 Map Credit: Courtesy the private collection of Roy Winkelmar http://etc.usf.edu/maps/pages/3800/3853/3853.htn



FIFTEENTH CENTURY.*

Title: Early Map of the World

Description: A facsimile of a world map from the fifteenth century, showing a conventional map of the older period, which is given in Santarem's Atlas as a "Mappemonde qui se trouve au revers d'une Médaille du Commencement du XVe Siècle."

Unknown, 1400-1499

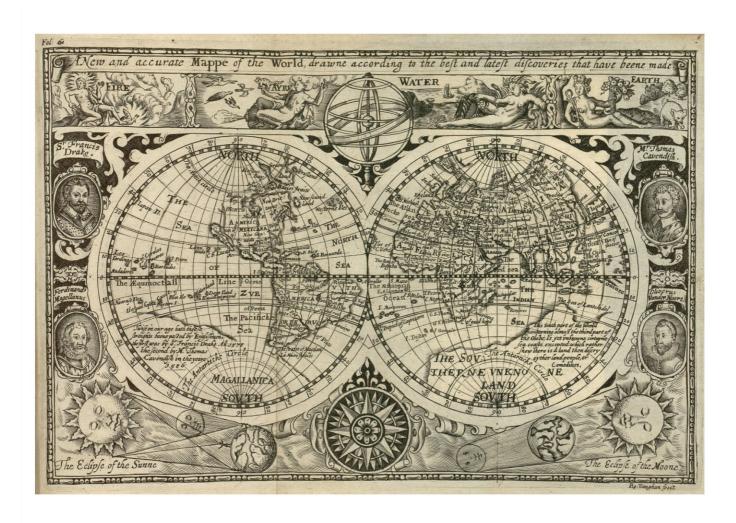
Source: Justin Winsor, *Narrative and Critical History of America Vol. 1* (New York, NY: Houghton, Mifflin, and Company, 1889) 53 Map Credit: Courtesy the private collection of Roy Winkelman

http://etc.usf.edu/maps/pages/4100/4125/4125.htm



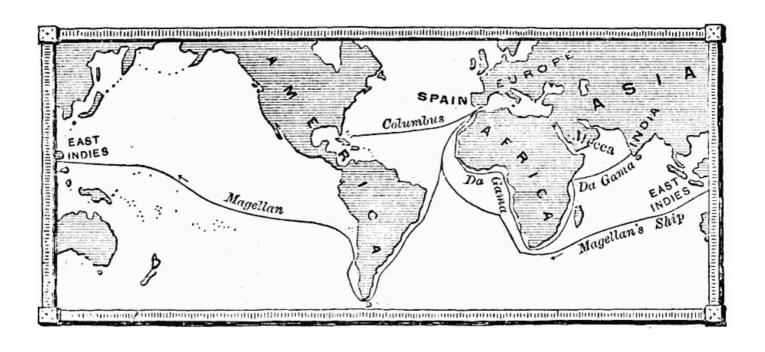
A printed map from the 15th century depicting Ptolemy's description of the Ecumene (the known inhabited universe)

Engraved in 1482 by Johannes Schnitzer



Description: Foldable map of the world, contained in "The world encompassed by Sir Francis Drake...", London 1628

http://shyamalavikas.blogspot.com/2012/03/world-map-17th-century.html

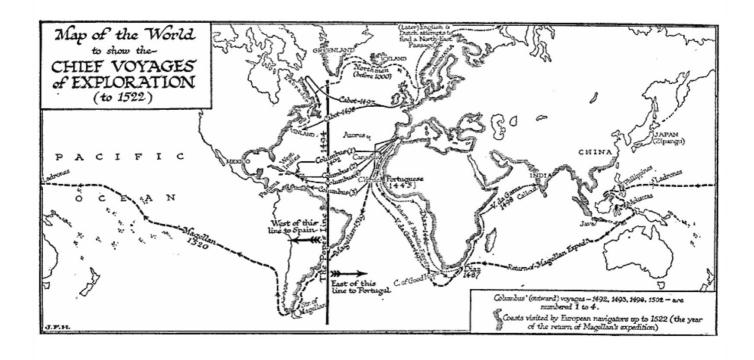


Title: Columbus, Magellan, and De Gama

Description: A sketch map of the world from 1898, showing the voyages of Columbus to the Americas (1492), Vasco de Gama to India (1498), and the voyage of Magellan (1519–1522).

Source: Edward Eggleston, *The Household History of the United States and Its People* (New York, NY: D. Appleton and Company, 1898) 12 Map Credit: Courtesy the private collection of Roy Winkelman

http://etc.usf.edu/maps/pages/1100/1183/1183.htm



Title: Chief Voyages of Exploration:

Description: A map of the world, showing the chief European voyages of exploration between the Norsemen (before AD 1000) up to the return of the Magellan expedition in 1522. The map shows coasts visited by European explorers, including the Portuguese voyages along Africa (Cape Verde – 1445), Diaz to the Cape of Good Hope (1487) and Vasco de Gama to Calicut India (1498), the four outward voyages of Columbus (1492–1502), the voyages of Cabot (1497–8), and the voyage of Magellan (1519–1522). The map shows the Pope's Line established by the Treaty of Tordesillas in 1494, which gave all newly discovered lands east of the line to Portugal and west of the line to Spain. The map also shows the later route of the English and Dutch attempts to find a North–East passage from Europe to Asia.

Source: H. G. Wells, *The Outline of History* (New York, NY: The Macmillan Company, 1921) 745

Map Credit: Courtesy the private collection of Roy Winkelman

http://etc.usf.edu/maps/pages/3600/3662/3662.htm

